Access restrictions: Open

From: Waheeda Dhansey

Subject: Fitness to Practise Policy

Status: Final version to be proposed that the SHS Fitness to Practice Policy becomes a Senate Fitness to Practice Regulation and Senate Fitness to Practice Policy

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### Executive summary

The Fitness to Practise Policy is being put forward to the Academic Governance Committee (April 2019), Education Quality Committee (April 2019) and to the Senate for consideration and approval in May/June 2019.

The Fitness to Practise Policy covers awards, progression and registration made by the School of Health Sciences and applies to programmes leading to professional qualification and/or eligibility to apply to a professional register, which requires students to undertake periods of experience in practice settings. The University, in conjunction with the professional and regulatory bodies, has a duty to ensure the student is fit to practise during and up to the point of registration/awarding of qualification or academic credits.

Fitness to practise is monitored and assessed throughout a student’s time on the programme and, if there are concerns including allegations of misconduct, lack of competence and poor health, these will be investigated and addressed by the School. The main purpose in doing this is to safeguard the health and wellbeing of the public, and to adhere to the standards set out by regulatory bodies. The School has a responsibility as a programme provider to ensure that all students meet the requirements for entry and continued maintenance on the programme leading up to registration with the regulatory body.

Whilst the University recognises that at pre-registration level a student is still learning, the University is responsible for ensuring they meet the standards of proficiency for their chosen profession.

The policy is required by the Professional Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (PSRB) and is a key mechanism to measure a student's fitness to practise throughout the programme. The School is obligated to ensure that student on completion of the programme is eligible to join a professionally registered body, and work as registered health care profession. Fitness to Practise is reported to PSRBs through its annual monitoring process, as well as part of meeting its quality assurance standards. If a student is found not fit to practise, the decision is also conveyed to the regulatory bodies.
Fitness to Practise Policy and Procedure

Scope
Policy and procedure for the management of students’ and applicants’ fitness to practise concerns. The Policy is designed to inform students, staff and practice providers about the School’s policy and procedure for addressing fitness to practise issues.

The Policy covers awards, progression and registration made by the School of Health Sciences and applies to programmes leading to professional qualification and/or eligibility to apply to a professional register which requires students to undertake periods of experience in practice settings. The University, in conjunction with the professional and regulatory bodies, has a duty to ensure the student is fit to practise during and up to the point of registration/awarding of qualification or academic credits.

For programmes regulated by Professional Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (PSRBs) the Higher Education Institution is required to have a Fitness to Practise Policy and Procedure in place to manage fitness to practise.

Equality and Diversity Statement
City, University of London is committed to promoting equality, diversity and inclusion in all its activities, processes, and culture, under its Public Sector Equality Duties and the Equality Act 2010. This includes promoting equality and diversity for all, irrespective of any protected characteristic, working pattern, family circumstance, socio-economic background, political belief or other irrelevant distinction.

Where relevant to the policy, decision making panels will ensure a reasonable gender balance (with at least one man and one woman) and will actively consider representation of other protected characteristics.

To be read in conjunction with
The Policy should be used in conjunction with the relevant PSRB code and fitness to practise standards and requirements, the University Senate Assessment Regulations 19, University Disciplinary Policy, Cause for Concern Process, Disclosure and Barring Service Process, and any other relevant policies and procedures as deemed necessary.

Date approved: Revised version approved 12 February 2019 (Policy updated and approved on 25 September 2018)

Governance: Board of Studies

Date of last review: 30 August 2018
Fitness to Practise Policy

Context

a) The Policy outlines its general principles and purpose and should be read in conjunction with the Fitness to Practise Procedure which sets out the process by which this Policy will be applied, and accompanying guidance and policies which aims to facilitate the use of the Policy and Procedure.

Introduction

b) The Policy has been developed by the School of Health Sciences for use to review and assess fitness to practise when considering the character and health of applicants for admissions, progression and completion in order to start, progress and complete their programme of study, allowing them eligibility to apply for registration with the relevant professional statutory and regulatory body.

Definition

c) Being fit to practise means having the skills, knowledge, understanding, good health and good character to practice in relevant professional roles safely and effectively.

d) Fitness to practise is monitored and assessed throughout a student’s time on the programme and, if there are concerns including allegations of misconduct, lack of competence and poor health, these will be investigated and addressed by the School. The main purpose in doing this is to safeguard the health and wellbeing of the public, and to adhere to the standards set out by regulatory bodies. The School has a responsibility as a programme provider to ensure that all students meet the requirements for entry and continued maintenance on the programme leading up to registration with the regulatory body.

e) Whilst the University recognises that at pre-registration level a student is still learning, the University is responsible for ensuring they meet the standards of proficiency for their chosen profession.

f) The underpinning principle of the Fitness to Practise Policy and Procedure is to ensure fairness, transparency, compliance and facilitation.

g) The purpose of the Fitness to Practise Policy and Procedure is:

Compliance: To comply with the requirements of the appropriate professional, statutory and regulatory bodies through demonstration of clear responsibility and accountability;

Protection of public/patients/clients: To safeguard the health and well-being of patients/clients and the general public;

Professional Practice: To ensure students are appropriately prepared for entry to their chosen profession; have developed and continue to maintain professional
attitudes, demonstrate professional behaviour, and are of good health (in terms of being fit to provide care).

Scope

h) This Policy applies specifically to applicants wishing to enrol, and to students that are following a programme of undergraduate, pre-registration and post-registration study within the University where there is a requirement for a professional qualification, and/or registration with the relevant professional statutory and regulatory body, except where the decision on fitness to practise matters are taken for students by the PSRB.

i) For students on the BSc (Hons) Optometry programme, all fitness to practise decisions are taken by the General Optical Council. Any conduct or health concerns are initially addressed through the School’s Cause for Concern Process. For serious or ongoing fitness to practise concerns, the Dean (or nominee) then refers the case to the General Optical Council. For the purpose of maintaining records, the Quality and Student Support Manager should be informed of the outcome of the General Optical Council’s fitness to practise decision.

Application of this Policy

j) The School will at all times consider the most appropriate process to be followed when managing concerns about a student’s fitness to practise.

k) The School has a duty of care towards its students’ health and well-being, and will ensure it continues to provide support whilst undertaking their studies.

l) The Policy is not intended to deal with a student’s academic performance, extenuating circumstances or complaint. However, if allegations of academic misconduct or disciplinary offence are raised during consideration under City’s relevant procedure and/or, information or evidence raises questions about a student’s fitness to practise, those issues may be referred for consideration under this Policy.

m) The Policy refers to different stages available to manage concerns about a student’s fitness to practise, such as a Cause for Concern. This is to support the student and ensure action plans are in place to address areas of concern.

n) A student may be removed/suspended without notice from a placement environment in accordance with the School’s Precautionary Suspension of a Student from Placement Policy, or any other relevant University Policy, where the student’s behaviour gives rise to concerns regarding their fitness to practise that may be detrimental to the service user or the placement, or situations where a student is at risk, for example, due to their mental health.

o) All students on a programme of study leading to eligibility to apply for registration with a PSRB will be required to sign an annual self-declaration of good health and good character. This requirement will be monitored and recorded by programme staff and will be reported, where applicable at the relevant Assessment Board.

p) The Policy will be operated in accordance with the University’s duties under the Equality Act 2010, the Data Protection Act 2018, and Freedom of Information Act 2000. Staff operating the Fitness to Practise Policy should refer to the Procedure and accompanying Guidance for further information about student confidentiality. Personal data and special category data is processed in order to comply with City’s public task, and in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018.

The Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education (OIA)

q) The University subscribes to the OIA scheme, and this Policy and associated Regulation is therefore subject to its review. The University is committed to complying with any formal decision and/or recommendation(s) issued by the OIA arising from a student complaint considered by the OIA, noting that the student complainant is not bound to comply with the OIA decision.

Disclaimer

The information in this Policy is correct at the time of review in August 2018. The School reserves the right to make amendments to the policy provided that such amendments are (i) as a result of changes to Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Body regulations (ii) as a result of unforeseen events or circumstances beyond the University’s control or (iii) are deemed reasonably necessary by the University.

In the event that amendments are made, the University shall take reasonable steps to notify relevant parties as soon as is reasonably possible.
Fitness to Practise Procedure

The Procedure should be read in conjunction with the Fitness to Practise Policy, relevant University Regulations and accompanying PSRB standards and guidance.

Fitness to Practise – Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (PSRB) Code of Professional Conduct

1. Professional bodies such as: the General Optical Council (GOC), Health and Care Professions Council (HCPC), Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC), British Psychological Society (BPS) have requirements that those registered with them are fit to practise and meet nationally recognised proficiency standards which demonstrate that they have the skills, knowledge, good character and good health to do their job safely and effectively. The main objective of this requirement is to safeguard the health and wellbeing of the public.

2. In case of programmes which are regulated by PSRBs, it is a requirement to have a robust process in place to manage non-academic student concerns in a timely manner, as well as a process to manage more serious concerns.

3. The School is required to monitor that all applicants meet the general entry requirements as part of the selection process. The School is also required to monitor the progress of all students and to take appropriate action if any issue relating to good health or good character arises.

Emergency Powers

4. The Dean (or nominee) has the power to suspend or exclude a student and refer them directly to Fitness to Practise if their case is deemed sufficiently serious or where the patient, client, public or the student’s own safety is compromised. In this case, the student will be immediately suspended from placement pending the outcome of a review meeting. In exceptional cases, the student may be suspended from both the academic and practice element of the programme.

5. Precautionary suspension from practice pending an investigation will be undertaken if the student contravenes statutory professional and/or university statutes and guidelines for conduct. For example, if an incident or complaint has occurred involving others and an investigation needs to be carried out.

Confidentiality

6. The Procedure will be operated with due consideration to a student’s confidentiality. Staff operating the Procedure shall refer to the accompanying guidance for reference to confidentiality.

7. The School will seek a student’s informed consent before disclosing a student’s sensitive information to a third party and will consider the student’s best interests prior to disclosure. Where possible, information will be disclosed in accordance with the terms agreed with the student.

8. The School will respect a student’s right to choose not to provide consent for sensitive information to be disclosed but will ensure the student is made aware of the implications of non-disclosure.
9. City, University of London’s obligations of confidentiality shall not apply in relation to information which:

   a) is or becomes public knowledge other than as a result of a breach of confidentiality by City, University of London;

   b) is required to be disclosed under its Regulatory and Professional Body Requirements (e.g. the Nursing and Midwifery Council, The Health and Care Professions Council, General Optical Council); British Psychological Society;

   c) is required to be disclosed by law;

   d) is required to give proper instructions to any professional adviser who has an obligation to keep any such information confidential; and

   e) will impact on City, University of London’s duty of care to Professional Bodies, public safety, and City students’ potential ability to practise.

Referral to Fitness to Practise

10. The procedure for consideration of Fitness to Practise is governed by the University Senate Assessment Regulations 19, and the relevant professional, statutory and regulatory bodies’ standards and codes for fitness to practise.

11. It is the responsibility of the student to be aware of, adhere to, and engage with the Fitness to Practise Policy, and other associated policies and procedures as required.

12. Where a programme of study is regulated by a Professional Statutory and Regulatory Body (PSRB) that requires the student to have the skills, knowledge, good health and good character to practice in the relevant healthcare profession safely and effectively, the University has a duty to ensure that the student is fit to practise. The University must have in place a robust process to manage and take appropriate action if any issues related to good health and good character arises.

13. The aim of the procedure is to:

   a) Safeguard the health and wellbeing and protect patients, clients, staff, or service users;

   b) Comply with requirements and standards set out by the professional bodies;

   c) Recognise that, at pre-registration level, a student is still learning but is responsible to ensure that students meet the required standards of their chosen profession;

   d) Care for the health and well-being of students, and to ensure that they have access to appropriate support, guidance, and reasonable adjustments where appropriate are in place in order to meet the requirements of the professional body they seek to join;

   e) Protect the University against legal action by someone claiming to have suffered loss as a result of a student who is unfit to practise.

14. The Procedure outlines different stages to manage fitness to practise concerns. There are possible referral routes to the Fitness to Practise Procedure:
| Cause for Concern Process | • Concerns about Character and Professional Conduct  
|                          | • Health and well-being concerns |
|Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) Process | • Significant concerns about cautions, convictions and/or non-convictions |
|Academic Misconduct Process | • Allegation of academic misconduct is considered serious enough to impact on the student’s fitness to practise |
|Direct Referral from the Dean (or nominee) | • Concern is deemed sufficiently serious or where the patient, client, public or the student’s own safety is compromised |

**Cause for Concern Process**

15. The purpose of the Cause for Concern Process in the School is to ensure that students and staff are able to raise any concern related to a student’s character or health which has a bearing on their capability to provide safe and effective care. The process allows intervention at the earliest possible stage in order to address the concern(s) in a facilitative manner to allow a supportive action plan for a student. Areas of concerns as outlined in the Cause for Concern Process may relate to:

15.1 **Concerns about Good Character and Professional Misconduct**

Concerns of breach of conduct and character include competence issues, such as: unsafe practice, lack of honesty and integrity, and lack of professionalism, suggestions of harm to another party, such as a child in the student’s care. Concerns of unprofessional behaviour and professional misconduct include breach of confidentiality, sexual, racial or other forms of harassment, bullying, poor timekeeping, inappropriate dress, inappropriate behaviour (rudeness, aggression, and not following instruction when appropriate).

15.2 **Health and Wellbeing Concerns**

A student must demonstrate that they are of good health, which means that they are capable of safe and effective practice either with or without reasonable adjustments. This does not mean the absence of a health condition or disability. However, if ill health affects the achievement of learning outcomes and/or behaviour during the programme it needs to be considered accordingly. Health concerns must be dealt with and reviewed in accordance with occupational health guidance, and relevant University guidance. It may be advisable to hold a case conference with relevant health and support services within the University, in order to assess the case, support the student, and agree the best options in addressing concerns about health.

Reasonable adjustments to allow students to undertake the programme should be considered at the point of admission, and during any point of the programme, as appropriate, and in accordance with relevant University guidance. It should be noted that
mandatory requirements of the programme must be met in order to successfully complete the programme, which may impede on instigating reasonable adjustments.

**Interruption of Study**

16. In relation to Interruption of Study, a student may take a negotiated break from their programme of study in line with the Interruption of Study Policy. If that student breaches PSRB requirements on good health or there are multiple interruptions of study, a referral to fitness to practise process on the basis of health and well-being concerns may be triggered following advice from the Dean (or nominee).

**Fitness to Study**

17. The Fitness to Study Policy is in place to recognise the need for proactive management and support of concerns about a student’s well-being, and/or behaviour which may be related to ill-health, disability or other reasons.

18. The Fitness to Study Policy is not applicable to students where a local Fitness to Practise Policy is already in place.

**Safeguarding Concerns**

19. Safeguarding Concerns, if deemed serious, will be referred to the Fitness to Practise Panel in accordance with the Safeguarding Policy, as follows:

   a) In cases where children may be at risk of, or have suffered harm, information will be shared in a manner that prioritises the safety of the children.

   b) Where there is risk of harm to a child or adult at risk if information is not shared.

   c) Character concerns or professional conduct – safeguarding issues relating to a child or adult at risk in the student’s care, either within or outside their professional role.

**Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) Process**

20. The Disclosure and Barring Service Process sets out how declarations of a criminal record or convictions will be addressed. A DBS Panel can refer a student to fitness to practise if there are significant concerns about a student’s cautions and/or convictions, or their failure to disclose a caution/conviction, the number and frequency of offences, nature and seriousness of the offence and its relevance to the intended profession. A possession of a criminal record should not automatically be a barrier to training but may be a barrier to registration with a professional body.

   DBS concerns should be raised when the student commences on the programme or whilst on the programme.

**Academic Misconduct Process**

21. The Academic Misconduct Panel has at its discretion the right to refer a student to the Fitness to Practise Panel if there are considerable concerns about academic misconduct that are deemed serious enough to impact on the student’s fitness to practise. For example, substantial plagiarism that may demonstrate a student’s lack of honesty and integrity leading to concerns about their character. In such cases, the Panel may recommend appropriate sanctions as outlined in the Senate Assessment.
Regulations 19 for academic misconduct, and proceed to refer the student to the Fitness to Practise Panel to consider if concerns impact on the student’s fitness to practise.

22. Throughout the duration of their study, a student is required to disclose any relevant health or character concerns at the earliest opportunity to their Programme Director. Students who do not disclose any relevant health or character concerns would be subject to the initiation of the Fitness to Practise Process at the appropriate point. Non-disclosure may automatically be deemed a serious fitness to practise issue.

Referral to Fitness to Practise Panel

23. The Programme Director (or nominee) will trigger the referral to Fitness to Practise Panel. The referral may be triggered through any of the stages outlined under Section 14.

24. The Programme Director (or nominee) will consult with the Quality and Student Support Team for guidance and support prior to referral to the Fitness to Practise Panel.

25. The Fitness to Practise Referral Form must be completed by the Programme Director or the Dean (or nominee) ensuring that:

   a) all the relevant sections are completed in detail, and the form is signed;

   b) concerns leading to referral, including actions instigated at programme level through the relevant process are summarised comprehensively, and presented in chronological in order to assist clear understanding of the concerns and referral;

   c) alongside the grounds of referral the form must clearly outline all aspects and implications that need to be considered by the Panel;

   d) all evidence referred to in the form is submitted with the referral form in a coherent, sequential, and in a timely manner. Statement and evidence submitted by the student at the cause for concern stage must be provided with the referral form. Evidence must be annotated or redacted as required;

   e) if evidence could not be made available to the Panel due to the sensitive and, complex nature of the case, and/or where there is a safeguarding concern, then the Programme Director must provide a written statement presenting a clear rationale for not sharing the evidence. A redacted or annotated statement and/or evidence from the relevant services, organisation or individual should be made available to the Panel;

   f) highlight any implications that the Fitness to Practise Panel should be aware of, e.g. seconded student, placement requirements, progression rule, etc.;

   g) grounds of referral on the basis of which the referral will be considered by the Fitness to Practise Panel are outlined clearly, must correlate to the concerns, and are linked to the relevant PSRB Code or Guidance;

   h) The referral form must be accompanied with confirmed minutes from the preceding process, e.g. Cause for Concern, DBS, Investigatory meeting;
i) To ensure evidence such as Portfolio of Practice or Clinical Log Book, where there is an allegation of forgery, is not returned to the student and is made available to the Panel. Where applicable, DBS checks and Student file should also be made accessible to the Panel.

26. Prior to proceeding with arranging a Panel, for complex, serious and/or sensitive cases, the referral should be reviewed by relevant senior academic staff.

27. The Fitness to Practise Panel will normally be convened within 28 working days of the referral.

Fitness to Practise Panel

28. The School shall establish a Fitness to Practise Panel, members of which are appointed annually by the School’s Board of Studies.

29. The Fitness to Practise Panel will generally comprise of three members.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chair</th>
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<td>A senior academic member of staff from a registered healthcare profession who is independent of the student’s programme of study.</td>
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<th>Panel Members</th>
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<tr>
<td>A further academic member of staff from the profession or the register the student is planning to register with.</td>
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<tr>
<td>A representative from practice, who is a registrant from the relevant healthcare professional body, but should not be from the same practice area as the student.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If required, a further panel member will be permitted depending on the nature of the concern, with specialist expertise from the relevant area of Occupational Health Service, Learning Success or Mental Health Service.</td>
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<tr>
<td>For referrals on the grounds of safeguarding concerns, the Panel may include the School’s Safeguarding Officer, or may liaise with them for advice and guidance on the referral.</td>
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A professional member of staff (or nominee) will act as Secretary to the Panel;

An observer may be present at the Panel for the purpose of training, but will not be part of the Panel.

The Programme Director (or person responsible for making the referral) may be required to attend the Panel to present the case and evidence. The Programme Director does not form part of the panel and will not be in attendance during the Panel’s deliberations and decision-making.

The Panel may seek advice or guidance from an expert, e.g. legal adviser on specific questions or regulations.

30. Panel members should have received specific Conducting Panel and Decision Making training provided by the School/University, and should be familiar with this policy and relevant professional standards.
31. All members must be in attendance for the Fitness to Practise Panel to proceed.

32. A pre-meeting will be held with the Chair and Secretary to prepare for the Panel.

33. To avoid any possible conflict of interest, the Panel will not comprise of a member who has prior knowledge of the case to be considered or has been involved in the process beforehand.

**Student Representation**

34. The student will be required to attend the Panel in person. A case cannot be attended solely by a representative.

35. A student may choose not to attend or may fail to attend without submitting in writing valid reasons for a postponement. In such cases, the Panel may decide to proceed to consider the referral in the student’s absence. Before making its decision to proceed, the Panel must carefully consider all the evidence that reasonable effort has been made to communicate with the student and there are no extenuating circumstances that may demonstrate lack of engagement in the process from the student. The rationale for deciding to proceed in a student’s absence must be clearly documented and communicated to the student.

36. The student has the right to be accompanied to the Panel by one other person to support them at the hearing, such as a friend, family member or representative from City, University of London Students’ Union Advice Service unionadvice@city.ac.uk or 0207 040 5600. The student must provide information about the person to the Secretary of the panel at least 5 working days in advance. The information will include the person’s relationship to the student, and the reason for the person’s attendance. The Panel will not proceed with the representative in the absence of the student.

37. The student’s personal tutor may not normally be a member of the Panel but can attend in a supportive capacity with the student.

38. If the student chooses to be accompanied by a professional advocate they must inform the Secretary to the Panel at least 5 working days before the Panel. The student is to be made aware that the representative can only attend in a supportive role, and will not be allowed to address the panel unless prior consent has been sought from the Chair of the Panel.

39. The student will receive the same papers as the Fitness to Practise Panel. Evidence to be considered by the Panel will be made available to the student wherever possible.

40. The student will be invited to submit a written and signed statement to the panel, including addressing any issues raised in the evidence provided by the School. The statement must have a name/date and signature. All evidence must be available at least 7 working days before the Panel to allow appropriate scrutiny. If evidence is presented on the day, it may necessitate an adjournment.

41. The student must be advised to seek advice and support from the City, University of London Students’ Union Advice Service well in advance of the Panel.

42. The Students’ Union is independent from the University and provides free, confidential, non-judgemental and impartial advice to students. The service is there to
help the student prepare for the Panel, and if asked for, to accompany the student in order to provide support and guidance.

43. The student must be provided with the Fitness to Practise Policy and links to relevant professional body guidance and/or code.

44. All correspondence will be sent to the student’s term time university email and/or personal email address. It is the student’s responsibility to ensure that the School has their correct contact details.

Fitness to Practise Panel Terms of Reference

45. The Panel will adhere to the terms of reference as noted below:

- a) To consider cases referred to by the Programme Director or in exceptional circumstances directly by the Dean (or nominee);
- b) To determine, on the basis of evidence and findings presented to it, whether the referred student is fit to practise for progression, registration and practice;
- c) To ensure that the student is able to demonstrate that they have the skills, knowledge, understanding, good character and good health, whilst recognising that, at pre-registration level a student is still learning;
- d) To consider cases in a fair and transparent manner;
- e) To ensure students have access to relevant support services prior to and during the process;
- f) To make decisions in accordance with the Fitness to Practise Policy and Senate Assessment Regulations 19, and taking into account appropriate PSRB code of practice and guidance;
- g) To safeguard the health and wellbeing of the public;
- h) To advise the Assessment Board on issues relating to fitness to practise;
- i) To make recommendation(s) to the Assessment Board on procedural issues.

Procedure for the Conduct of a Panel

46. The Panel will rely on only the evidence presented to the Panel by the Programme Director and the student. Where applicable, the Programme Director and/or the Chair may request evidence from third parties.

47. The Panel must consider the case on the grounds of referral listed in the referral form, and in accordance with this Policy and relevant professional body guidance/code.

48. Panel members must liaise with the Secretary prior to the hearing to seek clarification on any points in relation to the case.

49. To maintain transparency and fairness, panel members must not liaise with the Programme Director or any other member of University or practice staff involved with the case. The Panel members must not share information or documentation in relation to the case with any other member of University or practice staff, or external parties.
50. The Panel will convene prior to the student joining the meeting to ensure the Panel is clear on the process, grounds of referral, and to agree on areas of questioning.

51. The case shall be considered in accordance with this policy, with relevant Professional Statutory and Regulatory Bodies code and/or guidance, and referring to University Senate Assessment Regulations 19.

52. The Secretary to the Panel will take notes at the meeting, and a copy of the notes will be shared with the student. Any unauthorised electronic recording of the hearing is explicitly prohibited.

53. The Panel shall convene as follows, the Chair will:
   a) commence the Panel by inviting all present to introduce themselves;
   b) outline the process of how the Panel would be conducted;
   c) confirm to the student that all panel members are independent and appointed by Board of Studies to consider the referral in accordance with the Fitness to Practise Policy;
   d) ask the student to confirm they have received the papers prior to the Panel;
   e) ask the student if he/she has a clear understanding of why they have been referred to the Fitness to Practise Panel;
   f) outline the grounds on which the student has been referred to the Panel;
   g) invite the student to make a statement;
   h) will invite questions from the panel members to the student;
   i) provide the student or his/her representative with an opportunity to make a final statement;
   j) proceed to seek confirmation from all panel members that all necessary information or questioning has taken place;
   k) request the student and his/her representative to retire while the Panel considers its decision;
   l) invite the student for further questioning if any clarification or information is deemed necessary;
   m) propose a short break if required;
   n) will invite the student and his/her representative to join the Panel to receive its decision and findings.

54. The Panel shall reach its decision or adjourn if necessary for further investigation.

55. The Chair will notify the student that the decision will be confirmed in writing in 21 working days.

Decisions - General Principles

56. The Panel will make its decision based on: the grounds of referral, the evidence submitted; the findings of the Panel; the student’s response at the Panel; taking the student’s status as a learner into account; and taking into consideration risk(s) to public protection.
57. The Panel is required to reach one of the following decisions:

a) Fit to practise – the student to continue on the programme or proceed to apply for registration with the relevant professional body.

b) Fit to practise subject to conditions, and/or a written warning. The conditions to be ratified by the Assessment Board, which has the right to impose additional conditions, as appropriate.

c) Not fit to practise with a recommendation made to the Assessment Board to withdraw the student from the programme, and may decide to confer appropriate exit award as outlined in the programme specification;

58. Where the student is found fit to practise but subject to conditions, the Panel may at its discretion:

a) Permit the student to continue on the programme of study under specified supervision within a set timeframe to demonstrate fitness to practise to the satisfaction of whomever the Panel appoint;

b) Require the student to repeat a specified part or parts of the programme of study to demonstrate fitness to practise to the satisfaction of the person appointed by the Panel;

c) Allow the student to continue on the programme with a final written warning to be issued and placed in the student’s file. The Panel will decide the timeframe for the warning to remain on a student’s record. If there are any further breaches of conduct during their time as a student, it may result in the Panel making a recommendation to the Assessment Board to withdraw the student from the programme;

d) The Panel may authorise any other action considered appropriate to enable the student to continue on their programme of study.

59. Where the student is found not fit to practise on grounds of poor health, the Panel may decide to:

a) Suspend the student from the programme of study for a specified period in order to undergo medical assessment or treatment to demonstrate fitness to practise to the satisfaction of the Occupational Health Service or person appointed by the Panel;

b) A recommendation will be made to the Assessment Board to withdraw the student on the evidence/advice of Occupational Health Service that the student is not fit to continue on the programme due to poor health.

60. Where the student is undertaking a programme of study that may lead to second registration with the relevant professional body and is found not to fit to practise, he/she must be informed that the Panel may recommend to the Assessment Board that the student is reported to the relevant PSRB.

61. Where the student has completed the programme successfully but has been found not fit to practise prior to registration, the Panel may decide to:

a) Make a recommendation to the Assessment Board to allow conferment of the academic award for the programme, but not permit eligibility to apply to the relevant PSRB for registration;
b) Advise the Assessment Board to refer the matter for consideration under the University Disciplinary Regulations to confer the appropriate academic exit award but revoke the eligibility to apply for registration with the relevant professional statutory and regulatory body.

62. Where a student is unable to demonstrate fitness to practise to the satisfaction of the person or service appointed by the Panel at the conclusion of the specified period of supervision, condition or completion of medical assessment/treatment, the case shall be referred back to the School Fitness to Practise Panel for further consideration by the same Panel.

63. Whilst making its decision the Panel may also consider any possible implications:

a) Practice Experience – In some cases, the placement provider may not agree to allow the student to continue on the existing placement, or the student may not want to return to the same placement, or suitable placements may not be available. In such cases, the Panel may advise a different placement or offer the student the option to transfer to a non-clinical course or apply to undertake the programme at another University;

b) Safeguarding of patients/clients – if the student is found not fit to practise and the Panel are aware that the student may be working within the healthcare profession, the Panel may decide to report the student to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) and/or Care Quality Commission, and local Safeguarding Board.

64. The Panel where applicable to inform the student that any change in their status may have implications on their student bursary or fees.

65. At any time during the proceeding, the Chair may decide to adjourn the Panel for the purpose of deciding on the outcome and/or to seek further evidence or clarification. In such cases, a decision may be deferred until further information is obtained.

After the Panel

66. The decision of the Panel, including the rationale for its decision, will be communicated to the student, the relevant Programme Director (or nominee), and any other relevant parties normally within 21 working days of the Panel.

67. The Secretary to the Panel will prepare the letter outlining the decision of the Panel, and a written report normally within 21 working days of the Panel.

68. Where the student is deemed fit to practise with or without any conditions, the decision of the Panel will be noted at the Assessment Board by the Programme Director.

69. Where the student is deemed fit to practise subject to conditions, the decision of the Panel will be presented by the Programme Director to the Assessment Board for ratification. The Assessment Board at its discretion may impose further conditions as deemed appropriate.

70. Where the student is deemed not fit to practise, the decision of the Panel will be presented by the Programme Director to the Assessment Board for ratification.

71. A copy of the findings, decision and conditions of the Fitness to Practise Panel will be placed on the student’s file in accordance with the GDPR Guidelines 2018.
72. Where applicable if a student’s registration has been terminated on the grounds that they are not fit to practise, the findings and decision may be communicated to the relevant regulatory body.

73. The Programme Director (or nominee) will process any recommendations made by the Panel as deemed necessary.

74. The Panel report will be shared with the student along with an opportunity to comment on whether it is an accurate record of the meeting.

75. Where the student is deemed not fit to practise, the decision may be disclosed in any reference requested for the student.

76. If a student is found fit to practise and permitted to continue on the programme, it does not guarantee that the professional statutory and regulatory body will permit the student to be registered with them following successful completion of their programme.

Fitness to Practise Process for Seconded Students

77. Seconded students are students that are studying with the University, but continue to receive a salary or training grant from their seconding NHS Trust/independent healthcare provider. As the employer has an interest in the student, the University has an obligation to communicate any areas of concern to the Trust. This would include concerns in relation to fitness to practise.

78. This section outlines the process for students who are seconded by their employer (NHS Trust/Independent Sector) to follow a programme of study at City, University of London.

79. For seconded students questions of fitness to practise may arise either because of concerns raised by the employer or by the University. In either case the organisation finding the concern will investigate it independently of the other organisation, and reach its conclusions based on its own regulations. It is important that the Fitness to Practise panels are held independently due to the person being both an employee and a student, and must be considered in that capacity by the relevant organisation.

80. This process of dual but independent processes means that the two organisations may reach opposing decisions, as one is viewing the case from the point of view of the employer, and the other as the educator.

81. Where it is deemed appropriate, there would be a combined Initial Investigatory Meeting between University staff, Trust staff and the student, at which stage both organisations will share relevant information.

82. If sufficiently serious that patient and/or staff and/or individual safety is compromised, or the issue is not resolved, then the student may be suspended from placement as a precautionary measure. In the event of a precautionary suspension, the student must be informed in writing, including the reasons for the suspension, within 5 calendar days.

83. Following the Combined Initial Investigatory Meeting, the case will be considered separately in the two institutions, according to its own process.

   a) The seconding organisation as the secondee’s employee will instigate their own process;
b) The University will consider the case through its Fitness to Practise Procedure.

84. The University and seconding employer are required to share evidence within a reasonable timeframe to allow the appropriate process to take place.

85. Once both parties have made their decision, the outcome will be shared with the partner organisation giving due regard to the Data Protection Act 1998.

86. In accordance with the Fitness to Practise Process that applies to non-seconded students, the University decision will fall into the same categories as listed in section 57-63. When combined with the seconding institution decision there are four probable outcomes. The likely actions in each case are described below:

a. Fit to practise – both University and seconding institution agree that the student can continue on the programme with no implications;

b. Not fit to practise – both University and seconding institution agree that the student should be withdrawn from the programme. The University will make a recommendation to the Assessment Board for consideration. The Assessment Board may decide to confer an appropriate exit award as specified in the programme specification. The employer will take their own action as appropriate;

c. In cases where the Fitness to Practise Panel finds the student is fit to practise but the employer finds the employee is not to practise, the Assessment Board may permit the student to continue on the programme based upon the ability of the student to self-fund, and availability of placements. Alternative programmes of study may be recommended;

d. If the employer finds the employee is fit to practise but the University finds the student not fit to practise. The University may recommend to the Assessment Board that the student is withdrawn from the programme, or follow a non-clinical programme of study. The employer may choose to take their own action as appropriate.

87. The student has the right to appeal the decision of the Assessment Board in accordance with the University Appeals Regulations. The seconding organisation will pursue its own procedure depending on the outcome of their own investigation.

School-level Appeal – Stage 1

88. The student has the right to appeal the decision of the Assessment Board. Guidance on the appeals process will be outlined in the Assessment Board letter.

89. On receipt of the Assessment Board letter, the student has the right to submit a school-level appeal against the decision of the Assessment Board within 21 calendar days.

90. An appeal with accompanying evidence must be submitted to the Quality and Student Support Team. The grounds for appeal must be clearly stated.

91. The appeal will be dealt with in accordance with University Appeals Regulations 20;

92. The appeal will be allowed on either or both of the following grounds that:

a) there was significant material error in the proceedings of the Fitness to Practise Panel, and/or
b) there is sufficient new evidence to merit consideration of the appeal on the
ground of material error. The evidence could not made available to the Fitness to
Practise Panel for a demonstrated, valid and over-riding reason outside the
student’s control.

93. For fitness to practise referrals, an appeal is not permitted on the grounds of
extenuating circumstances as defined in the University Appeals Regulations.
The appeal is not a reopening of the original Panel. Dissatisfaction with the decision
of the Fitness to Practise Panel is not alone a valid ground for submitting an appeal.

94. Students should be advised to refer to the University Appeals Regulations for full
details of the appeals process.

Initial Scrutiny

95. The student will receive an acknowledgement of receipt.

96. The appeal will be scrutinised by at least two members of staff within the School.

97. The possible outcomes of initial scrutiny are:

a) Upheld (in full or part) with a recommendation that there is sufficient evidence to
merit consideration of the appeal on the grounds of material error in the conduct
of the Fitness to Practise Panel. The case will be referred for consideration by a
newly constituted Fitness to Practise Panel on the original grounds of referral;

b) The appeal is rejected as the form was incomplete, incorrect, not accompanied
by supporting evidence, or grounds for material error has not been demonstrated.

School Fitness to Practise Panel

98. Where the matter is referred to a School Fitness to Practise Panel, a newly
constituted panel will normally be convened within 28 calendar days of the outcome
of initial scrutiny being notified to the student. The panel may comprise of three
members as outlined under Section 29.

Members of the Appeal Panel must not have prior knowledge of the student case.
The School Appeals Administrator or his/ her nominee will attend the hearing to
advise the panel concerning relevant regulation, policy, procedure and guidance (the
Administrator will not be part of the Appeal Panel);

99. The Fitness to Practise Panel will not have access to the papers considered, and
rationale for the decision made by the original Fitness to Practise Panel.

100. The Fitness to Practise Panel will consider the student’s appeal and the original
grounds of fitness to practise referral made by the Programme Director (or nominee).

101. The student will be invited to attend the School Fitness to Practise Panel hearing and
can choose to be accompanied by one other person. If the student chooses to be
accompanied s/he must provide information about that person to the Secretary of the
panel at least 7 calendar days in advance. The information will include the person’s
relationship to the student and the reason for the person’s attendance. If a student
chooses not to attend or fails to attend without submitting, in writing, valid reasons for
a postponement, the Panel may meet in the student’s absence.
102 The Programme Director may attend the hearing but does not form part of the panel and will not be present during the Panel’s deliberations. The Programme Director’s role is to provide information and/or clarification to the Panel.

103 The possible outcomes from the Appeal Panel are:
   a) Decision upheld (in full or part) - referral of the case back to the Assessment Board with commentary to permit the student to continue on the programme;
   b) Decision rejected as the grounds for appeal have not been demonstrated.

104 The outcome of the School Fitness to Practise Panel will be provided to the student in writing, normally within 21 calendar days of the Panel. The rationale for the Panel’s decision must be included in the communication.

105 A record of the outcome of the School Fitness to Practise Panel will be retained for reporting to the Board of Studies and Senate.

University-level review

106. The student may request a University-level review of the School’s decision on one or both of the following grounds:
   a) that there was a material error in the proceedings associated with the School decision, which affected that decision; and/or
   b) that new information has become available, which is material to the original appeal, and which could not have been made known to the School for a demonstrated, valid or over-riding reason.

   This is not a reopening of the original appeal. Dissatisfaction with the decision of the School is not alone a valid ground for requesting a review.

107. A review request, with appropriate evidence, should be submitted to the University Officer or his/her nominee within 21 calendar days of confirmation of the School decision.

Review process

108. The student will be sent a receipt of their review request.

109. Two members of University staff will scrutinise the review submission.

110. The possible outcomes of review are:
   a) Upheld (in full or part) and referred back to the appropriate body in the School for consideration by a newly constituted Fitness to Practise Panel;
   b) Returned with an opportunity for the student to resubmit the request for review within 14 calendar days;
   c) Review is rejected as the form was incomplete, incorrect, not accompanied by supporting evidence, or grounds for material error have not been demonstrated.

111. The student will be informed of the outcome of the review, normally within 28 calendar days of receipt. The notification will include the reasons for the decision;

112. A record of the outcome of the review will be shared with the School and retained for reporting to the Board of Studies and Senate.
The Office of the Independent Adjudicator

113. When the University’s internal procedures have been concluded a student will be issued with a Completion of Procedures (CoP) letter. Following this, a student who is dissatisfied with the final decision on his/her case may be able to apply to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator (OIA) for Higher Education. Information and eligibility rules are available at: www.oiahe.org.uk/

Review and Reports

114. An annual report on fitness to practise is considered by Board of Studies;
115. The School is required to report fitness to practise referrals to Assessment Boards, relevant professional bodies, Higher Education England, and its NHS commissioners;
116. The policy and procedure will be reviewed annually and considered by Board of Studies;
117. The Assessment Board will consider reports on the declaration of good health and good character for students qualifying on programmes with PSRB requirements.

Links to Useful Guidance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Professional Statutory and Regulatory Bodies Regulations, Standards and Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>British Psychological Society</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.bps.org.uk/">http://www.bps.org.uk/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Optical Council</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://www.optical.org/">https://www.optical.org/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guidance for Student Registrants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://www.optical.org/en/Education/guidance-students/index.cfm">https://www.optical.org/en/Education/guidance-students/index.cfm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Health and Care Professions Council</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.hcpc-uk.co.uk/">http://www.hcpc-uk.co.uk/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guidance on Conduct and Ethics for Students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.hcpc-uk.co.uk/publications/brochures/index.asp?id=219">http://www.hcpc-uk.co.uk/publications/brochures/index.asp?id=219</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standards of Conduct, Performance and Ethics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.hcpc-uk.co.uk/aboutregistration/standards/">http://www.hcpc-uk.co.uk/aboutregistration/standards/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitness to Practise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.hcpc-uk.org/audiences/studentsandapplicants/ftp/">http://www.hcpc-uk.org/audiences/studentsandapplicants/ftp/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nursing and Midwifery Council</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://www.nmc.org.uk/">https://www.nmc.org.uk/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Code for Nurses and Midwives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guidance for students - Professional conduct of nursing and midwifery students</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### University/School Regulations and Policies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>URL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assessment Regulations</td>
<td><a href="http://www.city.ac.uk/about/city-information/governance/constitution/senate-regulations">http://www.city.ac.uk/about/city-information/governance/constitution/senate-regulations</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Appeals Regulations</td>
<td><a href="https://www.city.ac.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0005/338027/Senate_Regulation_20_Appeals_Procedures_Taught_Programmes-20161118.pdf">https://www.city.ac.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0005/338027/Senate_Regulation_20_Appeals_Procedures_Taught_Programmes-20161118.pdf</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cause for Concern Process</td>
<td><a href="https://cityuni.sharepoint.com/:f:/s/wo_SHSWorkHub/Eo73hmVN_jFBjToAZtv52e8BwqVUI9RpdnBHSdMoO9sug">https://cityuni.sharepoint.com/:f:/s/wo_SHSWorkHub/Eo73hmVN_jFBjToAZtv52e8BwqVUI9RpdnBHSdMoO9sug</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disclosure and Barring Service Process</td>
<td><a href="http://www.city.ac.uk/health/courses/selection-process/dbs">http://www.city.ac.uk/health/courses/selection-process/dbs</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitness to Study</td>
<td><a href="https://www.city.ac.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0003/331068/Senate_Regulation_10_Fitness_to_Study_Regression_20160916.pdf">https://www.city.ac.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0003/331068/Senate_Regulation_10_Fitness_to_Study_Regression_20160916.pdf</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Precautionary Suspension of a Student from Placement</td>
<td><a href="http://www.city.ac.uk/health/courses/information-for-students-and-placement-partners/practice-education">http://www.city.ac.uk/health/courses/information-for-students-and-placement-partners/practice-education</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Protection Policy</td>
<td><a href=""> </a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If a student is found not fit to practise, a recommendation is made to the Assessment Board to withdraw the student from the programme, with either an exit award or an academic qualification (instead of a registered qualification). The student has the right to appeal the decision of a Fitness to Practise Panel via the University Appeals Process, and also request a review from the Office of the Independent Adjudicator (OIA).

Failure to implement this policy may result in PSRB approval being withdrawn, student could be a danger to public safety and themselves, and there is reputational risk to staff, and the University. The Fitness to Practise Policy is a key tool to ensure compliance with external regulatory bodies standards and requirements.

Given the above implications on both internal and external stakeholders, the School of Health Sciences proposes that the SHS Fitness to Practice Policy becomes a Senate Fitness to Practice Regulation and Senate Fitness to Practice Policy.

Recommendation(s)

1. the SHS Fitness to Practice Policy becomes a Senate Fitness to Practice Regulation and Senate Fitness to Practice Policy

Action(s) required from the Committee:

A. To approve the proposal to make the SHS Fitness to Practice Policy becomes a Senate Fitness to Practice Regulation and Senate Fitness to Practice Policy

The below table outlines which committees have already seen the report and the resulting outcome/action from that committee’s discussions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Committee date</th>
<th>Committee title</th>
<th>Outcome/action</th>
<th>Action date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>02 April 2019</td>
<td>School of Health Sciences Board of Studies</td>
<td>The proposal was approved at SHS Board of Studies on 2 April 2019.</td>
<td>ASAP for implementation in 19-20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>